## **UTN - FACULTAD REGIONAL RECONQUISTA**

## **TSHYS-INGLES I**





- 1. Teniendo en cuenta las imágenes que lo ilustran, ¿de qué cree que trata el texto?
- 2. ¿Qué título le pondría?
- 3. Lea el texto rápidamente y agregue subtítulos









A hazard is the potential for harm (physical or mental). In practical terms, a hazard often is associated with a condition or activity that, if left uncontrolled, can result in an injury or illness. Identifying hazards and eliminating or controlling them as early as possible will help prevent injuries and illnesses.

\_\_\_\_

**Safety hazards** can cause immediate accidents and injuries. Examples are hot surfaces, broken ladders, and slippery floors. Safety hazards can result in burns, cuts, broken bones, electric shock, or death.

Chemical and biological hazards are agents that can make you sick. They can get into the body through the nose, mouth, or skin to cause harm. *Chemical hazards* are gases, vapors, liquids, fumes or dusts that can result in poisoning, lung disease, skin irritation, or damage to other parts of the body. Examples include cleaning products, asbestos, and pesticides. *Biological hazards* are living organisms that can cause infectious diseases and allergies. They include viruses, bacteria, and molds.

Other hazards are those that cannot be classified into the other categories but can cause **health or safety problems** for workers. This can include stress, violence, and ergonomic hazards.

4.	4. Defina "riesgos" en el ámbito laboral según el texto. (En español)								

5. Relea el texto y complete el cuadro. (En españo)

	TYPES	EXAMPLES	CONSEQUENCES
40			
RDS			
HAZARDS			
<b></b>			